IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE WESTERN DISTRICT OF PENNSYLVANIA CIVIL DIVISION

BOARD OF TRUSTEES OF CEMENT) CIVIL ACTION 2:20-cv-2013
MASONS' LOCAL 526 COMBINED)
FUNDS, INC.,)
, ,) COMPLAINT
Plaintiff,)
)
v.)
••)
DEPASQUALE CONSTRUCTION)
SERVICES, LLC; BART DEPASQUALE)
individually and jointly and severally, and)
DOES 1-50,)
DOLS 1-30,)
Defendants.)
Defendants.	Filed on Behalf of Trustees of Cement
	Masons' Local 526 Combined Funds, Inc.
	Masons Local 320 Combined Funds, Inc.
	Counsel of Record for this Party:
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IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE WESTERN DISTRICT OF PENNSYLVANIA CIVIL DIVISION

BOARD OF TRUSTEES OF CEMENT) CIVIL ACTION
MASONS' LOCAL 526 COMBINED) No.:
FUNDS, INC.,)
) COMPLAINT
Plaintiff,)
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DEPASQUALE CONSTRUCTION)
SERVICES, LLC; BART DEPASQUALE)
individually and jointly and severally, and)
DOES 1-50,)
)
Defendants.)

AND NOW COMES the Plaintiff, Board of Trustees of the Cement Masons' Local 526 Combined Funds, Inc., by and through its attorneys Stephen J. O'Brien, Esquire, Andrew L. Ciganek, Esquire, and the law firm of Stephen J. O'Brien & Associates, and files this Complaint pursuant to the Labor-Management Relations Act, 29 U.S.C. § 185, and 29 U.S.C. § 1132 of the Employee Retirement Income Security Act (hereinafter "ERISA"), averring the following:

PARTIES AND JURISDICTION

- 1. Plaintiff is the Board of Trustees of the Cement Masons' Local 526 Combined Funds, Inc. (the "Trustees").
- 2. The Cement Masons' Local 526 Combined Funds, Inc. (the "Funds") are employee benefit plans within the meaning of ERISA 29 U.S.C. § 1002 (1) (2) (3) (21), § 1009 (c) (1) (b) and § 1132, and bring this action on behalf of the Boards of Trustees, participants and beneficiaries.

- The Trustees conduct the business of the aforesaid Funds at 1900 Andrew Street,
 Munhall, PA 15120.
- 4. Defendant DePasquale Construction Services, LLC is or was engaged in the business of operating a construction company, with its principal office and address at 2111 Orchard Street, Unit #3, Munhall, PA 15210.
- 5. Plaintiff is informed and believes and thereon alleges at all times herein mentioned, Defendant Bart DePasquale is a citizen of the State of Pennsylvania.
- 6. The true names and identities of Defendants Does 1 through 50, whether individuals, corporations, associations or otherwise are unknown to Plaintiff, who therefore sues Defendants by fictitious names. Plaintiff is informed, believes, and alleges that each of the Defendants designated Does are legally responsible for the events and happenings herein referred to, and thereby proximately caused the damages hereinafter alleged.
- 7. Plaintiff is informed, believes, and alleges that at all times mentioned, each Defendant was the agent, servant, or employee of the other Defendants and in acting as alleged herein did so within the course and scope of the agency or employment and with the permission and consent of each of the other Defendants.
- 8. Jurisdiction is conferred on this Court by the Labor-Management Relations Act, 29 U.S.C. § 185, and also by ERISA 29 U.S.C. § 1132, in that the Plaintiff is aggrieved by the Defendants' violation of the Collective Bargaining Agreement with Operative Plasterers and Cement Masons' International Association of the United States and Canada, Local No. 526.
- 9. Venue is appropriate in the United States District Court, Western District of Pennsylvania under 29 U.S.C. §1132(e)(2), because the Plan is administered from 2606 California Avenue, Pittsburgh, PA 15212 located in Allegheny County, Pennsylvania.

FACTS

Collective Bargaining Agreement

- 10. Defendant DePasquale Construction Services, LLC is a signatory to an Agreement with the Cement Masons' Union Local No. 526 of the Operative Plasterer's and Cement Masons' International Association ("Collective Bargaining Agreement"). This Collective Bargaining Agreement is dated January 16, 2017. (Exhibit 1, Collective Bargaining Agreement.)
- 11. Under the terms of the Collective Bargaining Agreement, Defendant DePasquale Construction Services, LLC is required to pay to the Funds certain sums of money for the Defendant's employees who perform classified work, with payments to be made monthly, covering the amounts due for the preceding month's operations, and to furnish a monthly report showing the hours worked. (Exhibit 1, Collective Bargaining Agreement, pp. 8-12; 30-32.)

Plaintiff's First Collection Complaint Against Defendants Depasquale Construction LLC and Bart Depasquale for 2018 Collection Fringe Benefits and Contributions

- 12. On April 18, 2019, Plaintiff filed a Complaint against Depasquale Construction Services, LLC and Bart Depasquale in United States District Court for the Western District of Pennsylvania. (W.D. Case No. 2:19-cv-444.)
- 13. The Complaint sought recovery for collection of delinquent fringe benefits and contributions work months of June, July, August, September, October, and November 2018. (W.D. Case No. 2:19-cv-444.)
- 14. The matter settled on or about October 18, 2019 with the filing of a voluntary dismissal filed by Plaintiff and the parties entered into a voluntary settlement agreement. (Exhibit 2, Settlement Agreement.)
- 15. Under the terms of the settlement, Defendants entered into a payment installation schedule to pay \$18,674.08 pertaining to the 2018 delinquency. (Exhibit 2, Settlement

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whereas **D2** and **D3** disclose a silicon carbide electrode and a silicon nitride housing. **D1** (Fig. 3; col. 6, l. 1-25; col. 2, l. 47-col. 3, l. 24) which is seen as most relevant prior art discloses a sensor for capacitively measuring the distance to the tip of a turbine blade. In one embodiment the electrode is formed as a conductive ceramic/metal composite (ie. a conductive ceramic electrode) surrounded by a ceramic layer which forms a housing. Moreover, the sensor of **D1** has a shield between electrode and housing, formed as a platinum/iridium layer.

3. Novelty (Article 33(2) PCT)

The subject matter of claim 1 differs form the sensor of D1 in that the shield is formed entirely from an electrically conductive ceramic material. The subject matter of independent claim 1 is thus new.

4. Inventive Step (Article 33 (3) PCT)

Providing a conductive ceramic shield provides a better adaptation to the neighboured materials, in particular with respect to thermal expansion. Although D1 refers in some passages to the problem of thermal expansion mismatch for high temperature applications, it still uses a thin (0.3mm) metallic shield formed by deposition. Neither in D1 nor in any other available prior art an indication was found to replace the thin metal shield by a ceramic conductive layer. In D1-D4 the conductive ceramic is used for bulky parts which would require further modifications to fit in the general approach of D1 to use thin layers. Accordingly, the subject matter of independent 1 is also based on an inventive activity.

5. <u>Dependent Claims</u>

The dependent claims 1 to 12 only add particular features to the subject matter of independent claim 1. The subject matter of claims 2 to 13 is thus also new and based on an inventive step.

6. Industrial Applicability (Article 33(4) PCT)

INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY REPORT ON PATENTABILITY (SEPARATE SHEET)

International application No.

PCT/GB2004/003020

The subject matter of claims 1-13 is industrially applicable, eg. for inspecting gas turbines.

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CLAIMS

1. A sensor (1,100) for capacitively measuring the distance to a stationary or passing object comprising an electrode (2, 102) for capacitively coupling with the object, a shield (105) that surrounds the electrode (102) and is electrically isolated from the electrode (102) by an insulating layer (104), and a housing (4, 106) that substantially surrounds the electrode (2, 102) and the shield (105),

wherein the electrode (2, 102) and the shield (105) are formed entirely from an electrically conductive ceramic material and the insulating layer (104) and the housing (4, 106) are formed entirely from an electrically non-conductive ceramic material, and in that the electrically conductive and electrically non-conductive ceramic materials are selected to have substantially similar thermal expansion coefficients.

- 2. A sensor according to claim 1, wherein the shield (105) is formed from a solid piece of electrically conductive ceramic.
 - 3. A sensor according to claim 1, wherein the shield (105a) is a deposited electrically conductive ceramic layer.
- 4. A sensor according to claim 3, wherein the shield (105a) is deposited onto the inside surface of the housing (4, 106).
 - 5. A sensor according to any preceding claim, further comprising:
 - a first electrically conductive bridge (5) connected to the electrode (2) and connectable to the conductor of a transmission cable; and
 - a second electrically conductive bridge (7) connected to the housing (4) and connectable to the conductor of a transmission cable.
- 6. A sensor according to claim 5, wherein the first electrically conductive bridge (5) passes through apertures provided in the housing (4) and the second electrically conductive bridge (7).

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- 7. A sensor according to claim 5 or claim 6, wherein the second electrically conductive bridge (7) substantially surrounds the housing (4).
- 8. A sensor according to any of claims 5 to 7, further comprising an adaptor (30, 40) for connecting the second electrically conductive bridge (7) to the conductor of a transmission cable.
 - 9. A sensor according to any of claims 5 to 8, further comprising a third electrically conductive bridge (109) connected to the shield (105) and connectable to the conductor of a transmission cable.
- 10. A sensor according to claim 9, wherein the first electrically conductive bridge (107) passes through apertures provided in the insulating layer (104), the shield (105), the third electrically conductive bridge (109), the housing (106) and the second electrically conductive bridge (111), and wherein the third electrically conductive bridge (109) passes through apertures provided in the housing (106) and the second electrically conductive bridge (111).
- 11. A sensor according to claim 9 or claim 10, further comprising an adaptor (60,70) for connecting the second electrically conductive bridge (111) to the conductor of a transmission cable and the third electrically conductive bridge (109) to the conductor of a transmission cable.
- 12. A sensor according to any preceding claim, wherein one or more of the electrode (102), shield (105), insulating layer (104) and housing (106) are bonded together.
 - 13. A sensor according to claim 12, wherein the bonding provides a hermetic seal between the one or more of the electrode (102), shield (105), insulating layer (104) and housing (106).

amount of \$40,305.83 for fringe benefits contributions the work months of January 2019 to December 2019, and January, April, and May 2020; and an order for payroll records to determine any additional fringe benefit contributions owned; plus attorneys' fees of \$2,500.00; costs and ongoing attorneys' fees;

- b. Administration and Audit costs and other costs and disbursements in this action;
- c. That an account be taken as to all employees of Defendant DePasquale Construction as covered by the Collective Bargaining Agreement for 2019 and 2020, as to wages received and hours worked by these employees to determine amounts required to be paid to the Board of Trustees of Cement Masons' Local 526 Combined Funds, Inc. covering the periods for which the agreement is effective;
- d. That Defendants submit contribution reports to Plaintiff for all months in 2019 and 2020 as required by the Collective Bargaining Agreement.
- e. That Defendants submit to Plaintiff the names, social security numbers, and number of hours worked, in such month by each and every person on whose behalf contributions are required to be made by Defendant to Plaintiff, or if no such persons are employed, to submit a report so stating;
- f. Interest on the above mentioned amount calculated pursuant to the provisions of the Collective Bargaining Agreement, from the date it became due and owing;
 - g. Attorneys' fees for further litigation preparation;
- h. For payment in full of any additional amounts that may become due while these proceedings are pending;
 - i. That the Court retain jurisdiction of this case pending compliance with its orders;
 - j. For such other and further relief as the Court may deem just.

Count II ERISA Breach of Fiduciary Duty to Action (Defendants Bart DePasquale and Does 26-50)

- 38. Paragraphs 1 through 37 of this complaint are re-alleged as through fully set forth herein.
- 39. At all times material hereto, individual Bart DePasquale and Does 26-50 were company executives, principle officers, and/or decision makers of DePasquale Construction Services, LLC.
- 40. Defendants were responsible for collection of monies payable by Defendant DePasquale Construction Services, LLC resulting from the labor performed by members of Cement Masons' Local 526 covered under the Collective Bargaining Agreement.
- 41. Defendants were responsible for submitting monthly Remittance Reports and fringe benefit contributions payable to Plaintiff.
- 42. As the owners, principal officers, and/or decision makers of DePasquale Construction Services, LLC, Defendants had the authority to make decisions as to what obligations and/or payments of DePasquale Construction Services, LLC, were to be paid and which ones were not to be paid, including the authority to make payments for their own personal benefit.
- 43. At the time that the fringe benefit contributions became due and payable by DePasquale Construction Services, LLC to the Cement Masons' Local 526 Combined Funds, Inc., such monies became assets of the Funds.
- 44. Based upon the foregoing, Defendants Bart DePasquale and Does 26-50 constitute "fiduciaries" under ERISA.
 - 45. Defendants Bart DePasquale and Does 26-50 breached their fiduciary duty to the

Cement Masons' Local 526 Combined Funds, Inc. by failing to pay to the Plaintiff such contributions once they became due and payable and are therefore, liable for all fringe benefits and associated interest, contractual damages, attorneys' fees and legal costs owed by DePasquale Construction Services, LLC to Plaintiff.

46. Plaintiff has demanded payment of all such amounts due, but such individual Defendants have neglected and continue to neglect to pay such amounts.

WHEREFORE, Plaintiff demands the following relief:

- a. A money judgment in favor of Plaintiff and against Defendants, in the amount of \$40,305.83 for fringe benefits contributions the work months of January 2019 to December 2019, and January, April, and May 2020; and an order for payroll records to determine any additional fringe benefit contributions owned; plus attorneys' fees of \$2,500.00; costs and ongoing attorneys' fees
 - b. Administration and Audit costs and other costs and disbursements in this action;
- c. That an account be taken as to all employees of Defendant DePasquale Construction as covered by the Collective Bargaining Agreement for 2019 and 2020, as to wages received and hours worked by these employees to determine amounts required to be paid to the Board of Trustees of Cement Masons' Local 526 Combined Funds, Inc. covering the periods for which the agreement is effective;
- d. That Defendants submit contribution reports to Plaintiff for all months in 2019 and 2020 as required by the Collective Bargaining Agreement.
- e. That Defendants submit to Plaintiff the names, social security numbers, and number of hours worked, in such month by each and every person on whose behalf contributions are required to be made by Defendant to Plaintiff, or if no such persons are employed, to submit

a report so stating;

- f. Interest on the above mentioned amount calculated pursuant to the provisions of the Collective Bargaining Agreement, from the date it became due and owing;
 - g. Attorneys' fees for further litigation preparation;
- h. For payment in full of any additional amounts that may become due while these proceedings are pending;
 - i. That the Court retain jurisdiction of this case pending compliance with its orders;
 - j. For such other and further relief as the Court may deem just.

Count III State Common Law Conversion Action (Defendants Bart DePasquale and Does 26-50)

- 47. The averments contained in paragraphs 1 through 46 of the Complaint are hereby incorporated by reference herein. The Court has supplemental jurisdiction of the claim set forth in the Count pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1367.
- 48. Pursuant to the Collective Bargaining Agreement, DePasquale Construction Services, LLC withheld monies from its employees' wages for union dues and other deductions that were required to be remitted to the Plaintiff.
- 49. In violation of such Agreement, DePasquale Construction Services, LLC failed to remit such deductions for union dues and other deductions to Plaintiff.
- 50. At all times relevant to this action, Defendants Bart DePasquale and Does 26-50 had the authority and the responsibility to remit such employee wage withholdings to the Plaintiff.
- 51. Defendants Bart DePasquale and Does 26-50 exercised dominion and control over the employee wage withholdings, and authorized and/or permitted such monies to be used to pay

other obligations of DePasquale Construction Services, LLC and/or the personal debts of the individual Defendants.

- 52. Based on the foregoing, Defendants Bart DePasquale and Does 26-50 intentionally converted such monies that were rightfully due and payable to the Plaintiff.
- 53. Plaintiff is also entitled to receive from Defendants Bart DePasquale and Does 26-50 interest on all monies due since initial delinquency, and late payment fees, plus additional interest thereafter.

WHEREFORE, Plaintiff demands the following relief:

- a. A money judgment in favor of Plaintiff and against Defendants, in the amount of \$40,305.83 for fringe benefits contributions the work months of January 2019 to December 2019, and January, April, and May 2020; and an order for payroll records to determine any additional fringe benefit contributions owned; plus attorneys' fees of \$2,500.00; costs and ongoing attorneys' fees
 - a. Administration and Audit costs and other costs and disbursements in this action;
- b. That an account be taken as to all employees of Defendant DePasquale Construction as covered by the Collective Bargaining Agreement for 2019 and 2020, as to wages received and hours worked by these employees to determine amounts required to be paid to the Board of Trustees of Cement Masons' Local 526 Combined Funds, Inc. covering the periods for which the agreement is effective;
- c. That Defendants submit contribution reports to Plaintiff for all months in 2019 and 2020 as required by the Collective Bargaining Agreement.
- d. That Defendants submit to Plaintiff the names, social security numbers, and number of hours worked, in such month by each and every person on whose behalf contributions

are required to be made by Defendant to Plaintiff, or if no such persons are employed, to submit

a report so stating;

e. Interest on the above mentioned amount calculated pursuant to the provisions of

the Collective Bargaining Agreement, from the date it became due and owing;

f. Attorneys' fees for further litigation preparation;

g. For payment in full of any additional amounts that may become due while these

proceedings are pending;

h. That the Court retain jurisdiction of this case pending compliance with its orders;

j. For such other and further relief as the Court may deem just.

DATED: December 28, 2020

Stephen J. O'Brien & Associates

By /s/ Andrew L. Ciganek Stephen J. O'Brien, Esq. Andrew L. Ciganek, Esq. Attorney for Plaintiff 650 Ridge Road, Suite 400 Pittsburgh, PA 15205 (412) 788-7560 (412) 788-7563 (fax)